



ព្រះរាជាណាចក្រកម្ពុជា
KINGDOM OF CAMBODIA

គណៈកម្មការជាតិរៀបចំកិច្ចប្រជុំលើកទី៣៧
National Organizing Commission for the 37th Session of the WHC
Commission National de la 37^e Session du Comité du Patrimoine Mondial



REPORT IN BRIEF AS OF June 18th, 2013

I. WORKING CONTEXT

As the legal issue raised in the bureau meeting which held on June 18th, 2013, at the early morning session, the Committee started discussing on the proposal of the Indian delegate to suspend the rules of 22.5, 22.6, and 22.7 of the Rules of Procedure. There are 7 committee members supporting the proposal raised by the Indian Delegate and there are other 7 committee members being not agree with the proposal, but suggesting that the amendment of any Rules of Procedure could not made during the session, but could be at the end of the session or at the next session. The Legal Adviser of the Committee said that based on Rule 51 and 52 the amendment and suspension in the plenary session by a two-thirds majority of the State members present and voting. In order to meet a tight timetable set out by the Committee, the Chairperson decided to discuss this issue just after an item 11, **Revision of the Rules of Procedures** which will be conducted on Monday 24 June, 2013.

II. EXAMINATION OF STATE OF CONSERVATION OF PROPERTIES ON THE LIST OF WORLD HERITAGE IN DANGER (WHC-13/37.COM/7A)

Yesterday, on June 17th, 2013, by examination of the state of conservation of the properties on the list of World Heritage in Danger, 28 sites were decided by the World Heritage Committee to retain on the List of World Heritage in Danger and 1 site was removed from that List. Today, the Chairperson decided to discuss the remaining properties on the List of World Heritage in Danger later.

III. EXAMINATION OF STATE OF CONSERVATION OF PROPERTIES INCRIBED ON THE BWORLD HERITAHE LIST (WHC-13/37.COM/7B)

Today, on June 18th, 2013, the World Heritage Committee has examined the state of conservation of 36 natural and mixed properties inscribed on the World Heritage List. The followings are the decisions made by the Committee:

- 1 natural property, **East Rennell, Solomon Island**, was decided to inscribe on the List of World Heritage in Danger;
- 5 natural properties considered with serious state of conservation issues, Dja Wildlife Reserve Cameroon, Sangha Trinational, Cameroun / Central African Republic / Congo, Selous Game Reserve, United Republic of Tanzania, Great Barrier Reef, Australia and Dong Phrayayen-Khao Yai Forest Complex, Thailand, were decided to maintain on the World Heritage List,
- other 29 natural properties, were decided to maintain on the World Heritage List. They are:

- 1 mixed property, Historic Sanctuary of Machu Pichu , Peru, was decided to maintain on the World Heritage List;

AFRICA

- Lake Turkana National Parks , Kenya
- Lake Malawi National Park , Malawi
- Vredefort Dome, South Africa

ARABSTATES

- Banc d'Arguin National Park, Mauritania
- Socotra Archipelago, Yemen

ASIA-PACIFIC

- Macquarie Island, Australia
- Three Parallel Rivers of Yunnan Protected Area, China
- Lorentz National Park, Indonesia
- Ha Long Bay, Viet Nam

EUROPE AND NORTH AMERICA

- Pirin National Park, Bulgaria
- Gros-Morne National Park, Canada
- Gulf of Porto: Calanche of Piana, Gulf of Girolata, Scandola Reserve, France
- Pitons, cirques and remparts of Reunion Island
- Volcanoes of Kamchatka, Russian Federation
- Lake Baikal, Russian Federation
- Western Caucasus, Russian Federation
- Virgin Komi Forests, Russian Federation
- Golden Mountains of Altai, Russian Federation
- Primeval Beech Forests of the Carpathians and the Ancient Beech Forests of Germany, Slovakia / Germany / Ukraine;
- Doñana National Park, Spain
- Giant Causeway and Causeway Coast, United-Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland

LATIN AMERICA AND THE CARIBBEAN

- Cerrado Protected Areas: Chapada dos Veadeiros and Emas National Parks, Brazil
- Talamanca Range-La Amistad Reserves / La Amistad National Park ,Costa Rica / Panama)
- Coiba National Park and its Special Zone of Marine Protection, Panama
- Pitons Management Area, Saint Lucia)

MIXED PROPERTIES

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- Historic Sanctuary of Machu Picchu, Peru

The common factors affecting the natural properties as follows:

- Conflict and political instability;
- Lack of management control and access;
- Poaching;
- Mining activities;
- lack of trans-boundary cooperation;
- Armed conflict, lack of security and political instability;
- petroleum exploitation inside the property;
- Poaching by the army and armed groups;
- Deforestation;
- Destruction of fragile ecosystems due to resort and house development;
- Oil concessions within the marine area;
- Impacts of the dam,
- Oil exploration inside the property,
- Logging;
- Invasive species;
- Over-exploitation of marine resource;
- Lack of Legislation, management planning, and administration of the property;